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Before such a funeral as above mentioned is held, a permit in writing from the health officer shall be obtained by the undertaker, and such permit shall be issued upon the certificate of the undertaker in charge of such arrangements to the effect that all of the above requirements have been fulfilled.

l. In the event a body of a dead person from a notifiable disease as above specified is brought to the city for burial, the above rules shall apply the same as to bodies dead of a notifiable disease within the city.

m. In all instances of deaths from a notifiable disease, no vehicle other than a hearse shall be used for the removal of the body.

Births and Deaths—Registration of. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

17. *a.* The health officer shall be the recipient of all reports of births, deaths, and notifiable diseases occurring in the city of Cumberland, and shall issue all permits for the proper disposition of the dead.

b. All births and deaths shall be reported as prescribed by State law.

c. All birth reports shall be acknowledged by a certificate to the parents of the child upon the receipt of the report of the birth.

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g. All stillbirths shall be reported as both birth and death.

By a birth shall be understood the termination of a pregnancy at any period of interuterine age and in any manner. To any physician or midwife called to attend a woman, where there are evidences of a recent placenta or secundæ removed or delivered, such evidence shall be prima facie evidence of a birth and shall be reported as such.

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p. The superintendent or other person in charge of any hospital, dispensary, or other institution in the city to which persons are admitted for care or treatment shall make a statistical record of all persons under their care who are suffering from a notifiable disease as specified in the section on notifiable diseases, all births and deaths occurring in the institution under their care or control, such records to contain such data as may be required by the department of health of the city, and said superintendent shall forward such records to the health officer the first of each week. Such records to be made immediately the information is obtainable and to refer to the week previous to the week in which the record is forwarded to the health officer.

q. All midwives practicing in the city shall make a monthly report to the health officer not later than the 5th of each month, such report to state the date of birth, name and address of parents where a birth has occurred at which birth they have acted in the capacity of nurse only.

Burial. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

17. *d.* Proper and necessary permits for the disposition of any dead body shall be issued before such disposition is made.

e. All undertakers practicing their profession in the city of Cumberland shall register their State license with the health officer.

f. The transportation of a dead body from the city of Cumberland on any public train or car or other common carrier, or to any other State, shall be permitted under the rules for the transportation of the dead, and authority for such transportation, as above mentioned, shall be a permit issued from the department of health. Where such rules require the services of a licensed embalmer, such permit shall not be issued to any undertaker who is not registered, as above required, unless such undertaker can display at the time a permit is requested his license as an embalmer.

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h. It shall be the duty of a physician, midwife, or other person in attendance upon a mother at the time of a birth, should the birth be a stillbirth or should the infant

die during such attendance, to inform the parents or some other responsible person of the law relative to the disposition of dead bodies, or refer such person at once to the health department for such information.

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n. It shall be unlawful to bury a dead body within the limits of the city except in places set apart especially for cemeteries.

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to make interment or bury any dead body in the burying ground known as Hook's Graveyard, or in any other place hereafter to be forbidden, and any person or persons who shall dig a grave in, or any undertaker who shall convey a dead body to, a graveyard as above mentioned shall be considered as violating this chapter and shall upon conviction be punished as hereinafter prescribed.

Penalty. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

18. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any person or persons aiding, assisting, or permitting a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, where no other penalty is prescribed, shall, upon conviction, be fined a sum not less than \$5 nor more than \$100, or be confined in the city prison or the Allegany County jail for not less than 2 days nor more than 30 days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale—Ice Cream. (Ord. A153, July 21, 1914.)

SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, offer for sale, have in their possession with intent to sell, or deliver within the city of North Yakima any:

1. Milk to which any foreign substance has been added.
2. Milk not of standard quality.
3. Milk produced by diseased cows.
4. Milk produced by cows not tuberculin tested or who have given a positive reaction to such test.
5. Milk from cows fed on unwholesome feed or contaminated water.
6. Milk which has been produced, stored, or handled or transported in an improper, unclean, or insanitary manner.

SEC. 2. *Definition of terms.*—For the purpose of this ordinance:

1. The word "person" shall mean individual, partnership, or corporation, whether acting for themselves or as agents or employees.

2. The word "milk" shall mean, as far as may be applicable, milk, cream, skim milk, buttermilk, and ice cream.

3. The expression "not of standard quality" shall mean:

(a) Milk containing less than 3.25 per cent milk fat: *Provided, however,* That nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to prohibit the sale of skim milk when it is so labeled in compliance with section 5.

(b) Milk containing less than 8.75 per cent solids not fat.

(c) Skim milk containing less than 9.3 per cent solids not fat.

(d) Buttermilk containing less than 8 per cent solids not fat.

(e) Cream containing less than 18 per cent butter fat.

(f) Ice cream containing less than 8 per cent butter fat.

(g) Milk that contains pathogenic bacteria.

(h) Milk or cream that contains over 200,000 bacteria of all kinds per cubic centimeter.

(i) When any part of it has been exposed to any contagious or infectious disease.

4. The term "diseased cows" shall mean cows which show tuberculosis on clinical examination or have reacted to the tuberculin test, or are affected with any other disease which might render milk dangerous for human consumption.